Modular Representation Theory of Finite Groups

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This text constitutes a faithful transcript of the lecture **Modular Representation Theory** held at the TU Kaiserslautern during the Winter Semester 2022/23 (14 Weeks, 4SWS Lecture + 2SWS Exercises).

Together with the necessary theoretical foundations the main aims of this lecture are to:

- provide students with a modern approach to finite group theory;
- learn about the representation theory of finite-dimensional algebras and in particular of the group algebra of a finite group;
- establish connections between the representation theory of a finite group over a field of **positive** characteristic and that over a field of characteristic **zero**;
- consistently work with universal properties and get acquainted with the language of category theory.

We assume as pre-requisites bachelor-level algebra courses dealing with linear algebra and elementary group theory, such as the standard lectures Grundlagen der Mathematik, Algebraische Strukturen, and Einführung in die Algebra. It is also strongly recommended to have attended the lectures Commutative Algebra and Character Theory of Finite Groups prior to this lecture. Therefore, in order to complement these pre-requisites, but avoid repetitions, the Appendix deals formally with some background material on module theory, but proofs are omitted.

The main results of the lecture *Character Theory of Finite Groups* will be recovered through a different and more general approach, thus it is formally not necessary to have attended this lecture already, but it definitely brings you some intuition.

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	Conventions

Unless otherwise stated, throughout these notes we make the following general assumptions:

- · all groups considered are finite;
- · all rings considered are **associative** and **unital** (i.e. possess a neutral element for the multiplication, denoted 1);
- · all modules considered are **left** modules;
- \cdot if K is a commutative ring and G a finite group, then all KG-modules considered are assumed to be free of finite rank when regarded as K-modules.